



Lesson 84 Characters 250-252 剛 到 別

Review Sheet

Note 1: Read the following material as review for this lesson.

Note 2: Traditional characters are shown in parentheses.

Note 3: Characters that are also components are listed both in the “Basic Components Review” section and again in the “Characters Review” section.

Basic Components Review

Basic Component	Component Meaning	Characters that Use the Component		
		Character	Character Pinyin	Character Meaning
刂	knife	剛	gāng	just
		到	dào	to arrive/to
		別	bié	other/don't

Characters Review

Character	Pinyin	Meaning	Words / Phrases that Contain this Character		
			Character	Pinyin	Meaning
剛 (剛)	gāng	just	他剛來。 (他剛來。)	tā gāng lái	He just came.
			我剛走。 (我剛走。)	wǒ gāng zǒu	I just left.
			剛才 (剛才)	gāng cái	just a moment ago



Character	Pinyin	Meaning	Words / Phrases that Contain this Character		
			Character	Pinyin	Meaning
到	dào	to arrive/ to	我到了。	wǒ dào le	I have arrived.
			从三点到五点 (從三點到五點)	cóng sān diǎn dào wǔ diǎn	from 3:00 to 5:00
			听到 (聽到)	tīng dào	to hear
别	bié	other/ don't	别的	bié de	other
			别的地方	bié de dì fang	other place(s)
			别人	bié rén	other people
			别跑	bié pǎo	don't run (away)
			别笑他。	bié xiào tā	Don't laugh at him.

Bonus Time

Supplementary words that contain the characters covered in this lesson		
Word	Pinyin	Meaning
刚刚 (剛剛)	gāng gāng	just/barely/only



Font Comparison

Here is how the characters look in various commonly used fonts. You will notice some subtle differences. Your computer will probably already contain some of these fonts, so try them out for yourself as you type!

Note: "ti" as in "Kai ti" means "style" or "font." Among these fonts, "Song" is the most commonly used printing font. Almost all Chinese books printed in Mainland China use "Song ti."

Kai ti	Song ti	Hei ti	Handwriting
刚	刚	刚	刚
到	到	到	到
别	别	别	别

Worksheet

Note: Please feel free to print the next few pages if you want (especially if you're doing the handwriting practice). Otherwise, answer the questions directly in this PDF.

Reading Comprehension

Without looking at the material above, please translate the following phrases and sentences into English. You can type directly onto the PDF file below the Chinese. (You will find the answer key below the "real life reading practice" section.)

1. 我到他 jiā 的时 hou, 他爸爸说他刚刚出门。
2. 你别等他了, 他可 néng 得很久才 néng 回来。
3. 我从下午三点等到了五点, 最后也没见到他!



Handwriting Practice (optional)

After you print this page, please follow these steps to learn to handwrite the characters from this lesson.

1. Trace the character in the first box following the stroke order demonstrated in the box to the right.
2. Repeat the step for the rest of the boxes, tracing over the grey lines when provided.

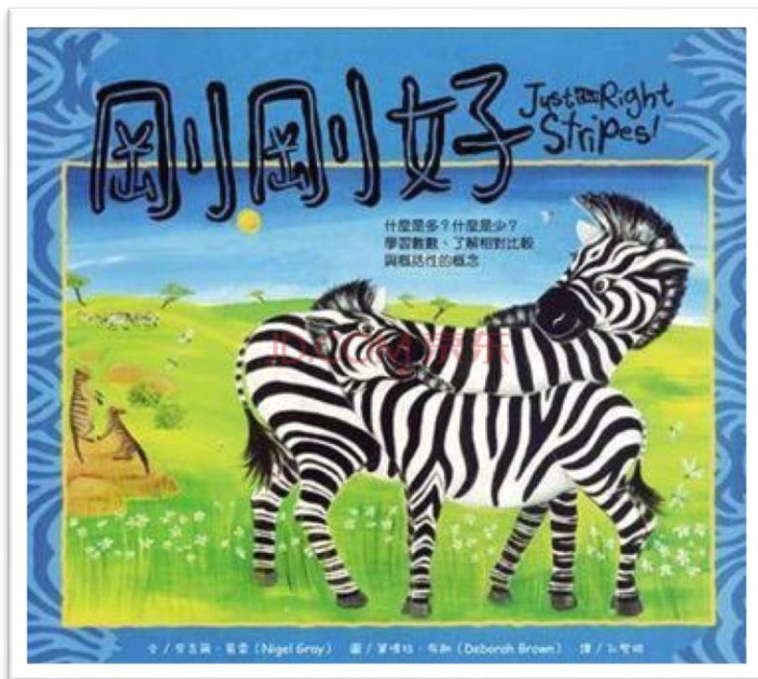
刚	丨 冂 冂 冂 冂 冂 冂	刚	刚	刚					
刚	刚	刚							
到	一 丿 丿 丿 丿 丿 丿 到 到	到	到	到					
到	到	到							
别	丨 冂 冂 冂 冂 冂 冂 别	别	别	别					
别	别	别							



Real life reading practice

1. Look at the picture and circle or write down the character(s) you recognize. You should be able to type the characters you recognize directly onto the pdf file below the image if you prefer not to print.
2. Write down the character's pinyin above it.
3. Check your answer against the Answer Key on the next page.

Picture 1:

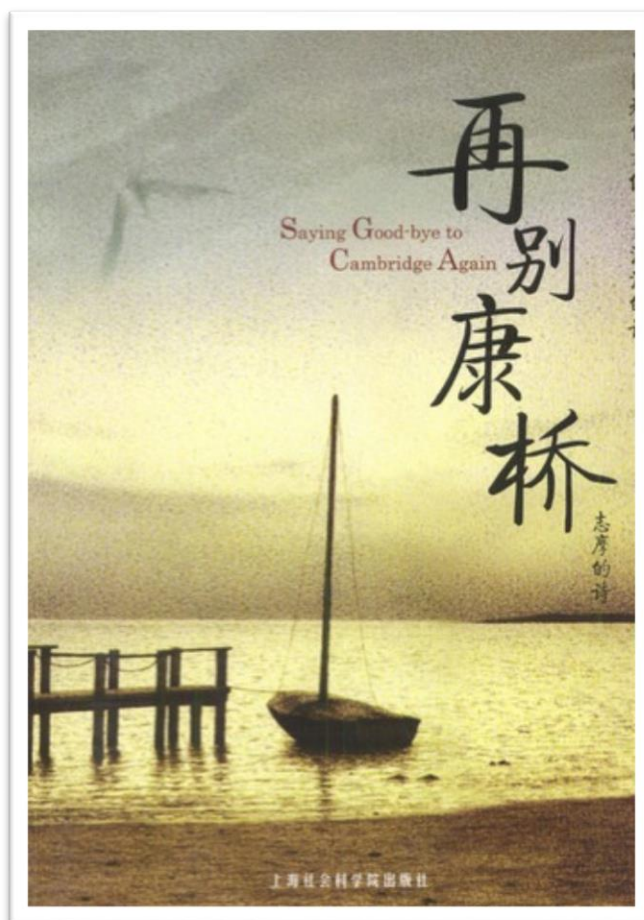


Picture 2:





Picture 3:



When You've Finished Reviewing...

Please go back to the webpage for this lesson to DOWNLOAD and take the self-quiz so you can make sure you've really mastered the material from this lesson!



Answer Key for Reading Comprehension

1. 我到他 jiā 的时 hou, 他爸爸说他刚刚出门。

When I arrived at his house, his dad said he had just gone out.

(Lit. I arrive his house when, his dad said he just go out.)

2. 你别等他了, 他可 néng 得很久才 néng 回来。

Don't wait for him. It might be a long time before he can come back.

(Lit. You don't wait him (le), he might must very long time only then able to come back.)

3. 我从下午三点等到了五点, 最后也没见到他!

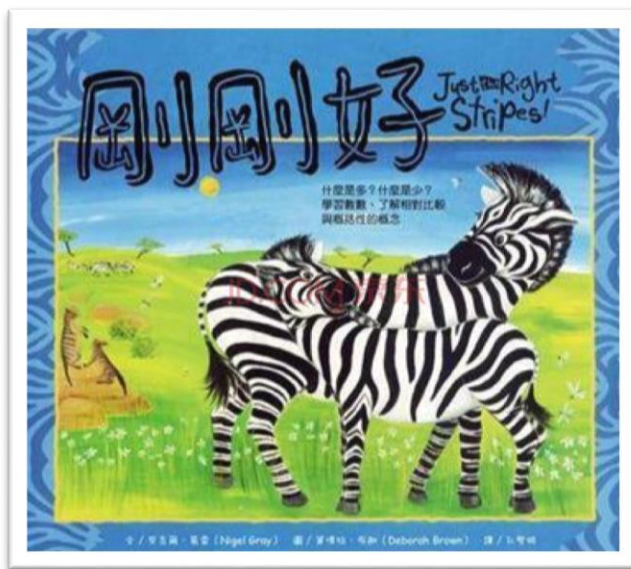
I waited from 3:00pm to 5:00, and still didn't see him in the end!

(Lit. I from afternoon 3:00 wait to 5:00, in the end also not see him!)

Answer Key for Real Life Reading Practice

The **RED** character(s) are the ones you should recognize.

Picture 1



gāng gāng hǎo

刚 刚 好

Just Right

(A Chinese translation of a picture book written by Nigel Gray, a well-known author originally from Ireland. He has published ninety books, mostly for children and young readers.)



Picture 2

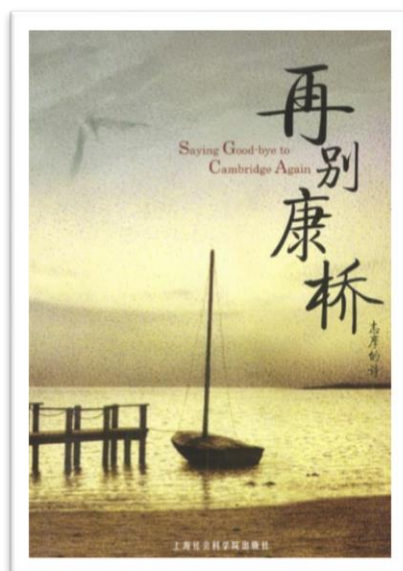


yí zhàn dào dǐ chóng qìng zhāo mù
一 站 到 底 重 庆 招 募

Who's Still Standing? Chongqing auditions

(Who's Still Standing is an American adaptation of an Israeli game show. The Chinese version is called "yí zhàn dào dǐ".)

Picture 3



zài bié kāng qiáo
再 别 康 桥

Saying Goodbye to Cambridge Again

(This is a well-known poem written by Xu Zhimo. He is one of the most renowned romantic poets of 20th-century Chinese literature.)